Victorian COVID-19 Surveillance Report

05 April 2024

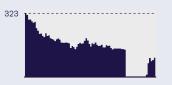


OFFICIAL

Epidemiological Summary

Current indicators show low levels of COVID-19 activity in Victoria.

Daily numbers last 12 weeks



The number of people in hospital with COVID-19 has decreased from levels seen throughout March. As of 2 April 2024 there were 98 people in hospital.

Please note that COVID-19 hospitalisation data from the Critical Health Resource Information System (CHRIS) is unavailable for dates between 15 March 2024 and 30 March 2024.



The latest quantitative wastewater measures indicate recent increases in SARS-CoV-2 viral loads in Victorian wastewater in both metropolitan and regional catchments.

Increasing levels of SARS-CoV-2 in wastewater suggest increasing prevalence of COVID-19 infections in the community.

(Plot shows metropolitan relative quantitative levels of SARS-CoV-2 in wastewater)



Deaths in the most recent 28-day period (21 Feb 2024 - 19 Mar 2024) have declined compared to the prior 28-day period (24 Jan 2024 - 20 Feb 2024), with a current 28-day total of 69. Increases and decreases in the reporting of deaths attributable to COVID-19 tend to lag waves of infections and hospitalisations by several weeks.



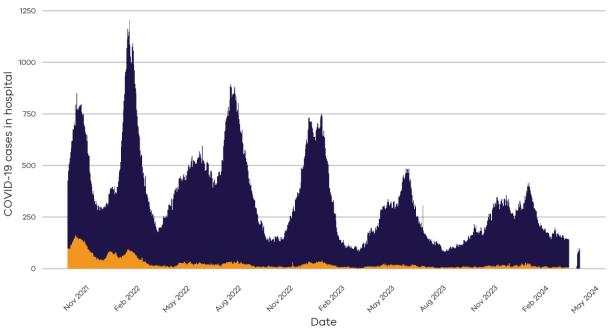
Following rapid growth in early December, **JN.1 (a sublineage of BA.2.86) remains the dominant variant in Victorian wastewater samples** at approximately 87% in the most recent samples.

The remaining variant share is a mix of other Omicron sublineages including XBB.1.1.6 and HV.1.

COVID Hospitalisations

Daily COVID-19 cases in hospital and ICU Data until 02 April 2024





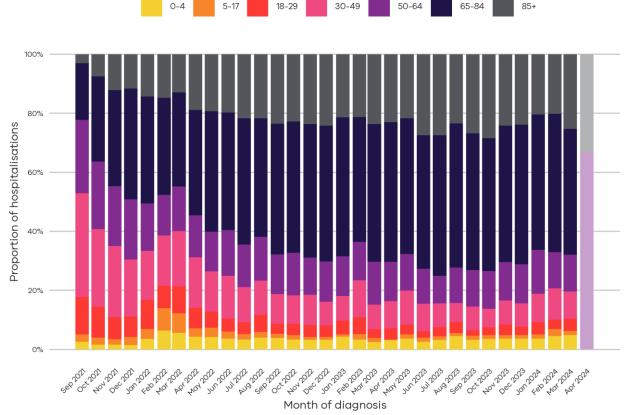
Data source: Critical Health Resource Information System (CHRIS)

OFFICIAL

This graph shows data back to September 2021 when hospitalisations were increasing during the Delta variant wave.

Hospitalisations represent the number of COVID-19 positive patients in hospital on a given day. This data is submitted to the national Critical Health Resource Information System (CHRIS) by public and private hospitals with an ICU.

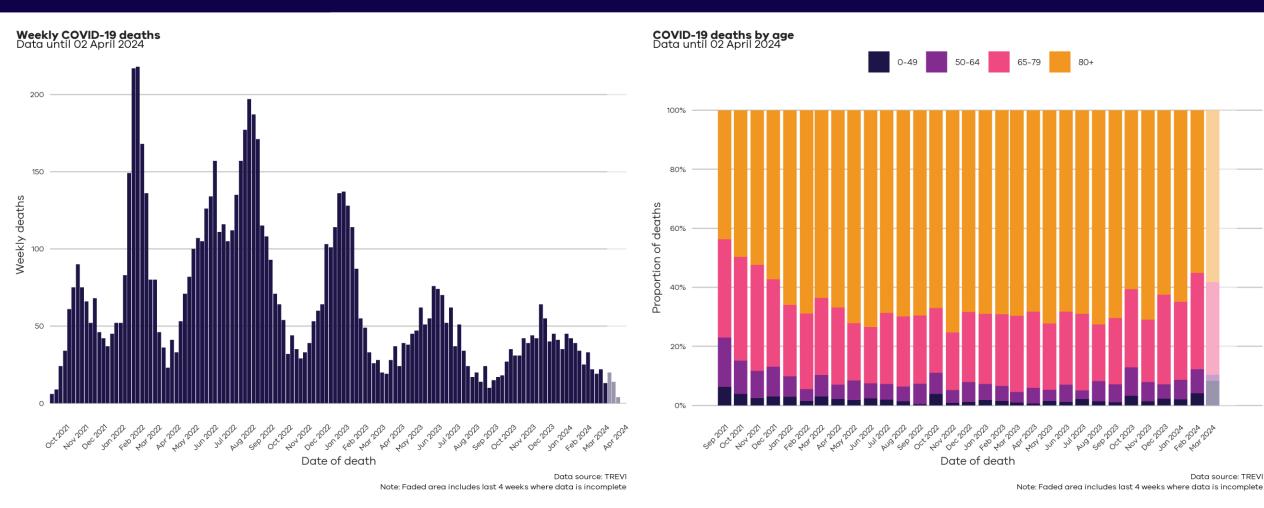
Please note that COVID-19 hospitalisation data from CHRIS is unavailable for dates between 15 March 2024 and 30 March 2024.



COVID-19 hospitalisations by age Data until 02 April 2024

> Data source: TREVI, VICNISS Note: Faded area includes current month where data is incomplete

COVID Mortality



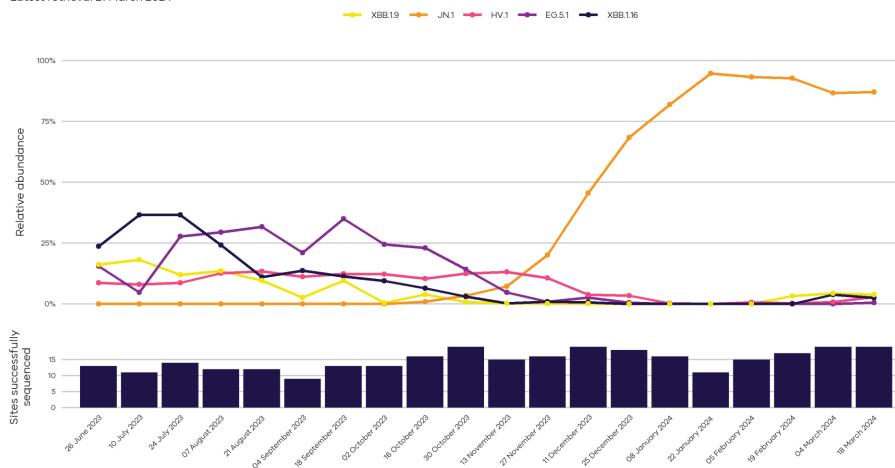
Date is based on date of death, not date of when each death was reported. This applies to all death metrics in the report unless stated otherwise.

OFFICIAL

Data source: TREVI

Wastewater surveillance: variant trends in Victoria

Variant trends in wastewater Latest retrieval 21 March 2024

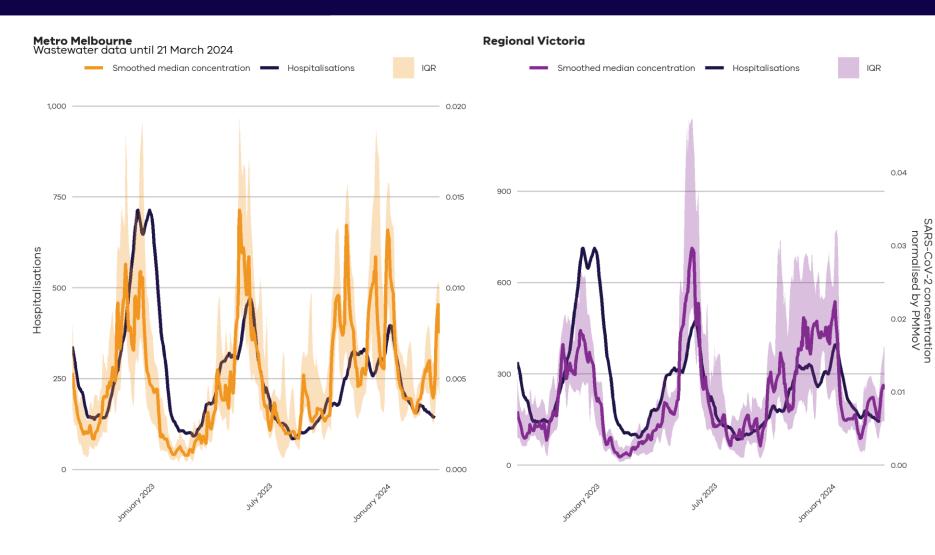


Analysis of wastewater samples can help us understand which SARS-CoV-2 variants are currently circulating in Victoria.

In the past there have been waves of infections and hospitalisations when a new variant or subvariant has spread quickly relative to the others.

There are a number of closely related sublineages circulating in Victoria. Only the most detected variants have been displayed here.

Quantitative Wastewater Levels



Quantitative wastewater sampling and 7-day average hospitalisations provide insights into changes in prevalence and COVID-19 wave detection.

These charts show the median SARS-CoV-2 wastewater viral loads with hospitalisations over time, which show a close relationship.

Quantitative SARS-CoV-2 levels are normalised by PMMoV (a nonpathogenic virus that is shed consistently by the population) and smoothed over the read period to account for rainfall, population movements and catchment size.



COVID-19 Historical Data

Epidemic curve of weekly COVID-19 metrics Data until 02 April 2024 Cases 250.000 200,000 150,000 100,000 50,000 Hospitalisations 1,500 Weekly count 1,000 500 Deaths 300 200 100 111202 Week of diagnosis

Cases are reported according to the definitions given in the Coronavirus (COVID-19) CDNA National Guidelines for Public Health Units. Where multiple positive test results are received for the same person within 35 days of the initial test result they are counted as a single case. **As of 30 June 2023, probable cases are not collected by the Victorian Department of Health, case counts since this date reflect cases with a positive PCR test only.**

COVID-19 Hospitalisations represent the number of active COVID-19 patients in hospital on a given day. This is reported in two ways:

- as reported by Victorian hospitals to the Critical Health Resource Information Service (CHRIS) as aggregated data.
- as reported to the Victorian Nosocomial Infection Surveillance System (VICNISS) at case level. Totals using demographic breakdowns from VICNISS may differ from totals using the aggregated values from CHRIS.

COVID-19 deaths are counted according to the Victorian surveillance definition, including all deaths reported in the Victorian Deaths Index (VDI) with COVID-19 listed as a primary or contributing cause of death on the medical death certificate, or a death within 35 days of diagnosis, excluding clearly unrelated causes such as trauma. Deaths may be reported retrospectively as the time between death, submission of the data to VDI and linkage to case data may vary.

OFFICIAL

Data source: TREVI